NSF Programs for Funding Collections
What, When, Where, How

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Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections (ADBC) - Program Goals

- Digitize (image) existing, vouchered, curated specimens owned by nonfederal U.S. collections
- Include available ancillary material
- Build on existing resources
- Innovate to improve process
- Collaborate to increase numbers of specimens
- Research grand challenges as rationale for digitizing specimens
- Link to & collaborate with national resource: iDigBio
- Train next generation and inform public
A D B C – a d d i t i o n a l i n f o r m a t i o n

• GEO links to EarthCube so paleo projects should explain how enhancing the geo data strategy
• Specimens must be owned by the institution digitizing them – ownership by indication of acquisition into the collection
• These are biodiversity specimens through the name of the program – diversity is important
• Emphasize links to research challenges
• PEN proposals may continue beyond term of TCN if TCN continuing to be active (society, etc.)
• Deadlines are the 3\textsuperscript{rd} Friday in October
ADBC – Thematic Collections Networks (TCN) Important for review

- Research justification for specimens
- Assessment of importance of specimens for the theme
- Innovative and efficient methods to lower cost
- Collaboration across institutions and across collection types
- Project management plan, task analysis, data management
- 2-4 year awards
- Integration with iDigBio (data, outreach)
ADBC Partners to Existing Networks (PEN) Important for review

- Add information to existing network projects
- Should fit the TCN – why appropriate
- Fill in gaps for coverage and increase specimens to meet research theme
- Enhance outreach/training/education
- Improve data management of collection
- Increase collaboration and accessibility
- 1-3 years with TCN additional support (25K)
Cluster of terms from current abstracts of funded ADBC projects.

Diversity is evident.
What’s next for ADBC

• Committee of Visitors just performed review
• Comments were all positive for impact on community
• Program must be sustained and has matured through Emerging Frontiers into solid program
• Will move to Biological Infrastructure next year
• Support for at least 6 more years
• iDigBio review next year for 5 year renewal
• Permanent program officer sought and in review process for hire
Collections in Support of Biological Research (CSBR)

- Combines BRC (collections) and LSCBR (stocks)
  1. Natural History Collections
  2. Living Stock Collections
  3. Supplements for Ownership Transfer

Encouraging digitization and open data access integration into all collections-securing activities
CSBR

• Ongoing since ca. 1993 (in various forms)
• Supports activities to secure important collections
• Focus on urgency, impact, innovation, accessibility
• Moved to biannual cycle in 2012
• Fourth Friday in July deadline
Challenge: Mobilize collections “dark data”

• Collections hold priceless biodiversity information
• Much inaccessible, inconsistent
  - Ancillary data may not be linked, usable
  - Identifying knowledge gaps impossible
  - Use of data for modeling, meta-analysis unreliable
Cluster of terms used in abstracts of CSBR funded projects.
Other sources of support

• NSF Programs such as Major Research Instrumentation, Advances in Biological Informatics, Dimensions of Biodiversity, Genealogy of Life

• Request support on research awards for handling collections and preparing them for long term preservation and access (digitizing).

• Should be in the Data Management Plan (see GPG: “types of data, samples, physical collections,…” are included as part of this document)

• Outside NSF – IMLS, USDA or other agencies that deposit collections with you, GBIF, state and regional, your local library for digitization/storage

• Be creative
A Good Proposal

A good proposal is a good idea, well expressed, with a clear indication of methods for pursuing the idea, evaluating the findings, and making them known to all who need to know.

A Competitive Proposal is...

All of the above
Appropriate for the Program
Responsive to the Program Announcement
What to Look for in a Program Announcement

Read the Program Announcement Carefully

Pay special attention to:
- Goal of program
- Eligibility
- Special requirements

For any questions…
call your Program Officer
NSF Review Criteria

- Criterion 1 - What is the \textit{intellectual merit} of the proposed activity?
  
  This criterion addresses the overall quality of the proposed activity to advance science and engineering through research and education.

- Criterion 2 - What are the \textit{broader impacts} of the proposed activity?
  
  This criterion addresses the overall impact of the proposed activity.

\textit{Obtain a copy of a successful proposal. Check Award Abstracts search page. Things change, get a recent award.}
Getting Started

• Take your best ideas for which you have some preliminary data or evidence it will work
• Develop rationale to take the next step(s).
• Consider feasibility in a 12 to 48 month window
• Consider what assistance you will need given teaching and other time commitments
• Prepare a plan of attack
Grant Proposal Guide (GPG)

- **GUIDANCE AND REGULATIONS** - Preparing and submitting proposals

- **DESCRIPTS PROCESS** - for declinations, returns withdrawals, and awards; significant grant administrative highlights.
Commandments for Writing Competitive NSF Proposals

“Thou shalt start early.”

“Thou shalt read the Grant Proposal Guide and Program Announcement.”

“Thou shalt discuss the broader impacts.”

“Thou shalt get feedback from your colleagues.”

“Thou shalt write for the right audience.”

“Thou shalt not irritate the reviewers.”

"Thou shalt not kill (with some exceptions).“

"Thou shalt contact your Program Officer."
Summary

• Start early – give yourself enough time
• Read the Program Announcement and follow rules in GPG
• Get feedback from your colleagues
• Proposals should be cogent, appropriate, and justified
• Anticipate criticisms and invite criticisms from others
• Study reviews carefully (award or declination)
• Anticipate some frustration (remember success rate)
• If declined – contact your program director after reading your reviews (take some time to think about them), the panel summary, the context statement
• If awarded - follow up on reporting and find out about supplemental funding (stay in touch with PD)
Genealogy of Life (GoLife)

• Successor to the Assembling the Tree of Life (AToL) program
• Goal of creating a Genealogy of Life framework for all comparative biology
• Emphasizes the complexity of phylogenetic patterns across the Tree of Life
• Requires integration of at least two layers of organismal data, and broad training in systematics
• March 26, 2014 deadline for submission of proposals
Getting Started

• Communicate with a program officer
  1. Assist in program selection
  2. Provide advice about how to proceed

• Examine prior NSF awards in similar areas
  2. Link to award information through [BIO Award Search](http://biosearch.nsf.gov)
     • Search by subject, institution, PI name