

A photograph of a desert landscape. In the foreground, there are several large, green, spiny cacti with prominent spines. To the left, there is a tall, thin, spiny cactus. In the background, there are more cacti and yuccas on a rocky, sloping hillside. The sky is clear and blue. The overall scene is a typical desert environment.

Unraveling cryptic speciation, a closer look at
polyploid species complexes in the prickly
pear cacti, *Opuntia* (Cactaceae)

Lucas C. Majure, Raul Puente & Matt King

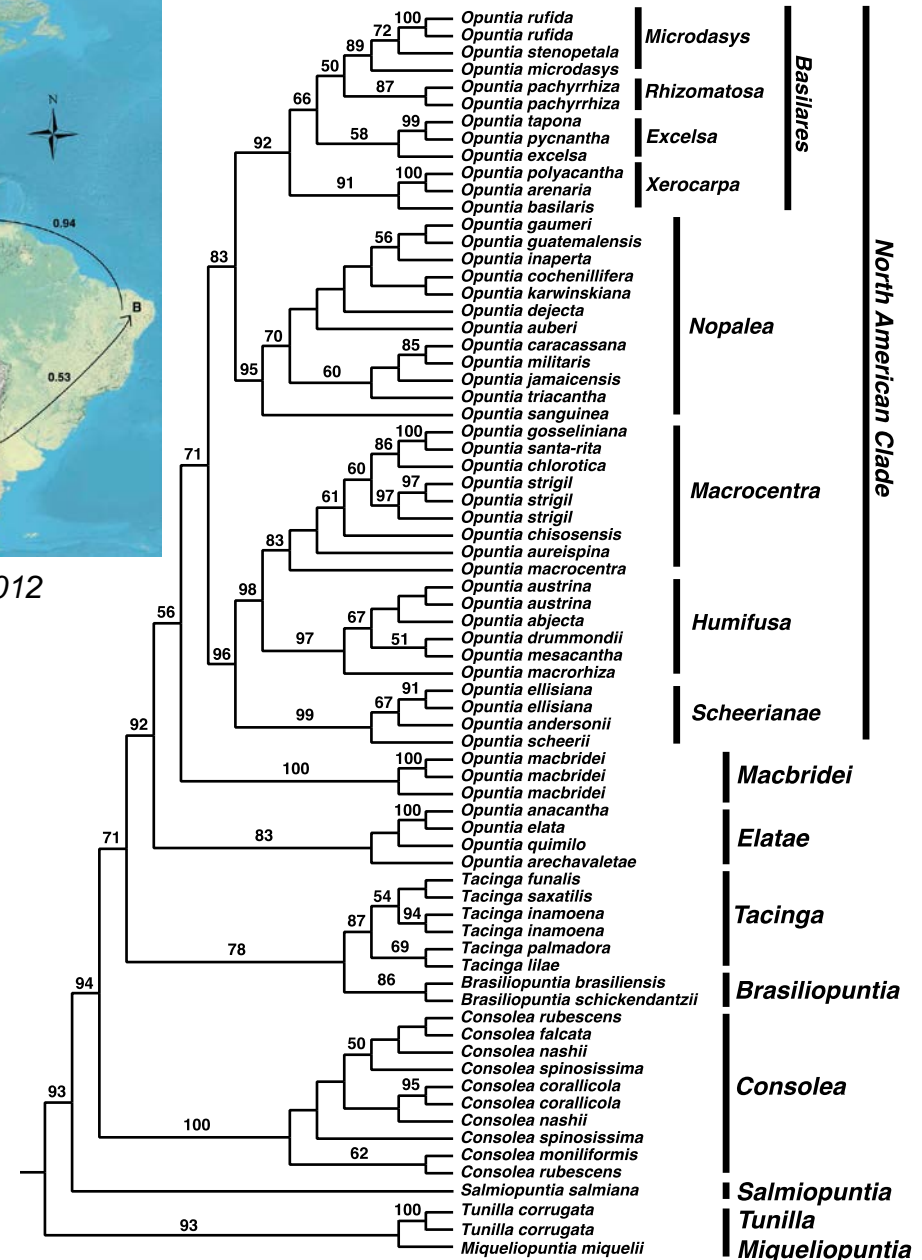
Desert Botanical Garden, Phoenix, AZ

ESA, 2016

Distribution & Phylogeny (Tribe Opuntieae)



Majure et al. 2012



Majure & Puente

Polyploidy & Reticulate Evolution



O. abjecta-2x

+



O. dillenii-6x

=



O. ochrocentra-5x



O. rufida-2x

+



O. azurea=2x

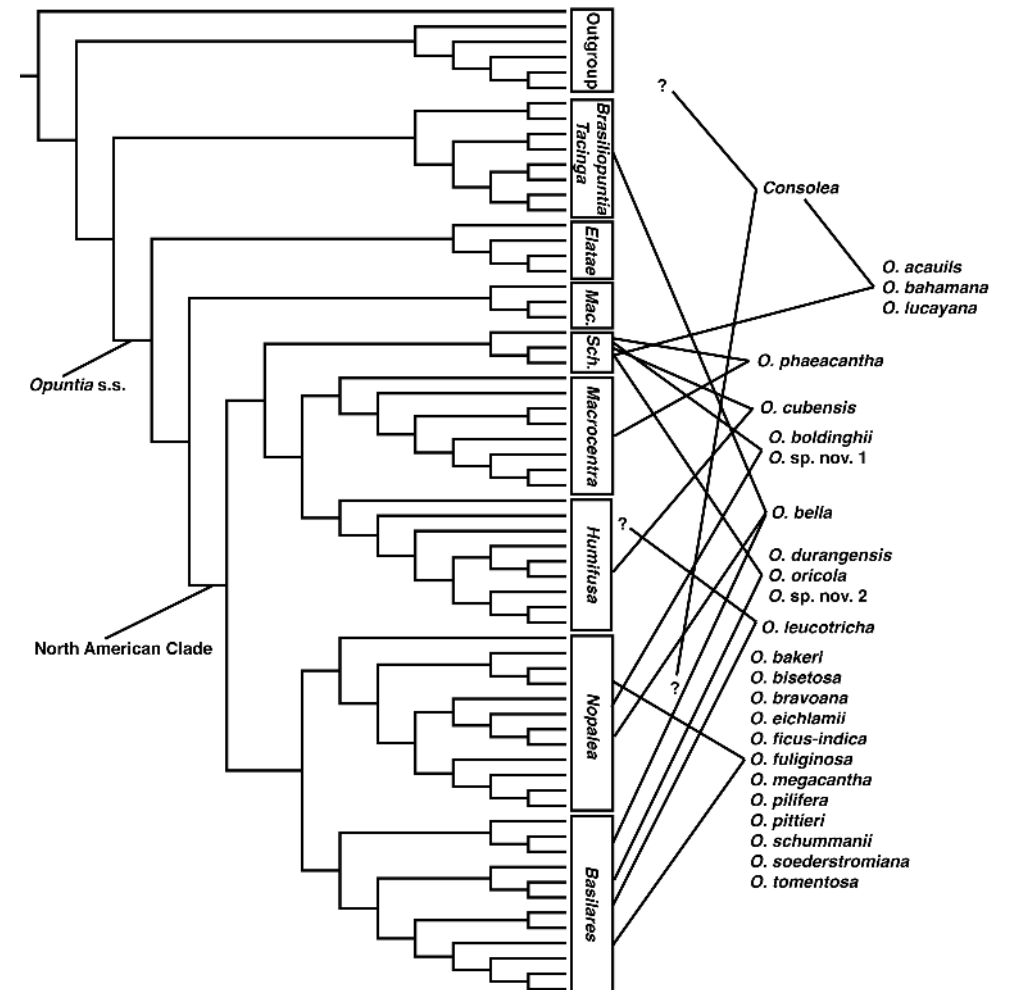
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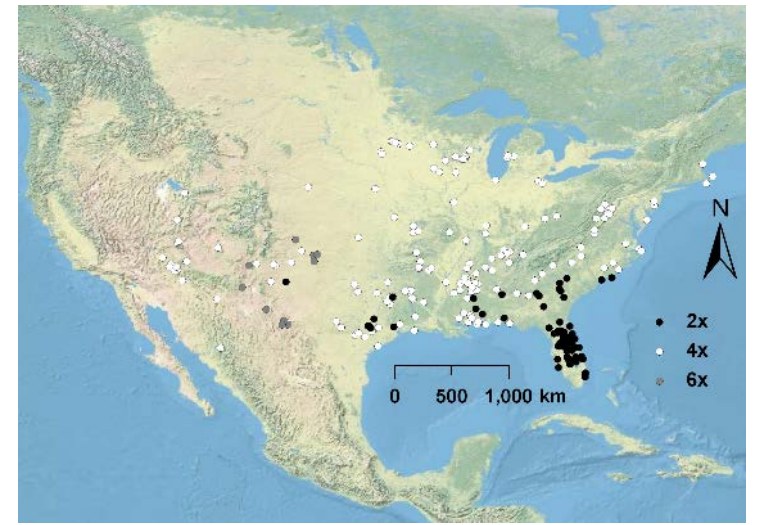
O. rufida x *O. azurea*-2x

Polyploidy & Reticulate Evolution

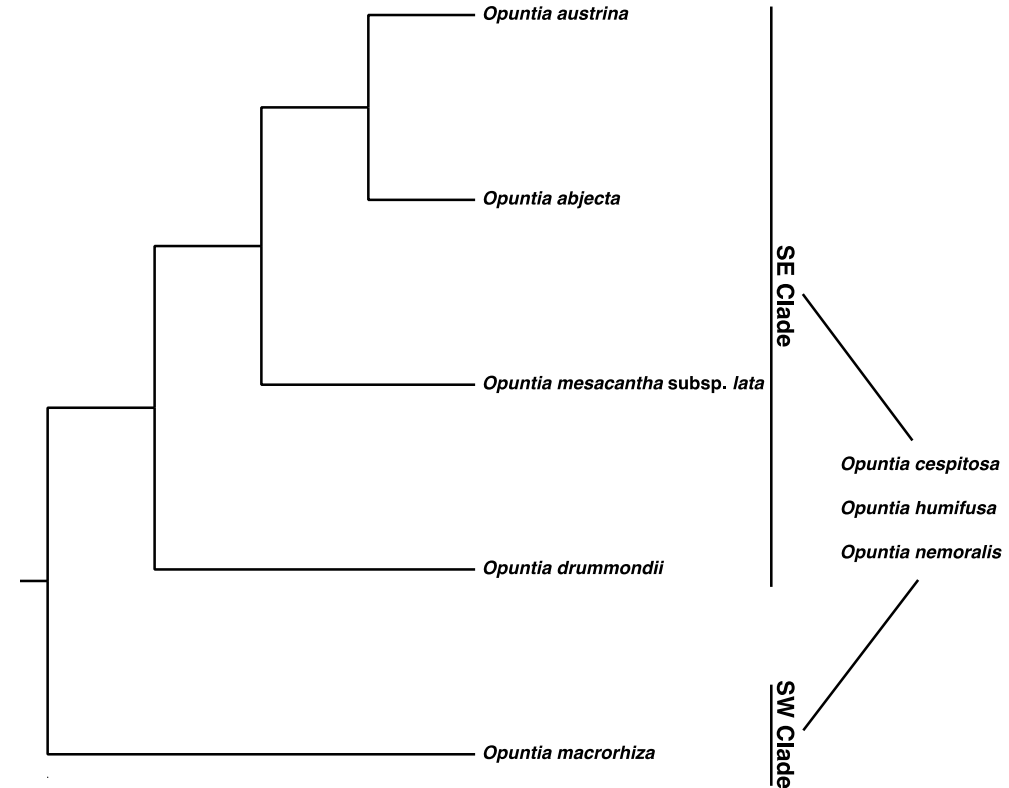
- Chromosome numbers well documented.
- Polyploidy very common in tribe Opuntieae!
- Out of 164 taxa with counts, 26.2% diploid, 13.4% both diploid and polyploid, 60.4% polyploid (Majure et al. 2012)



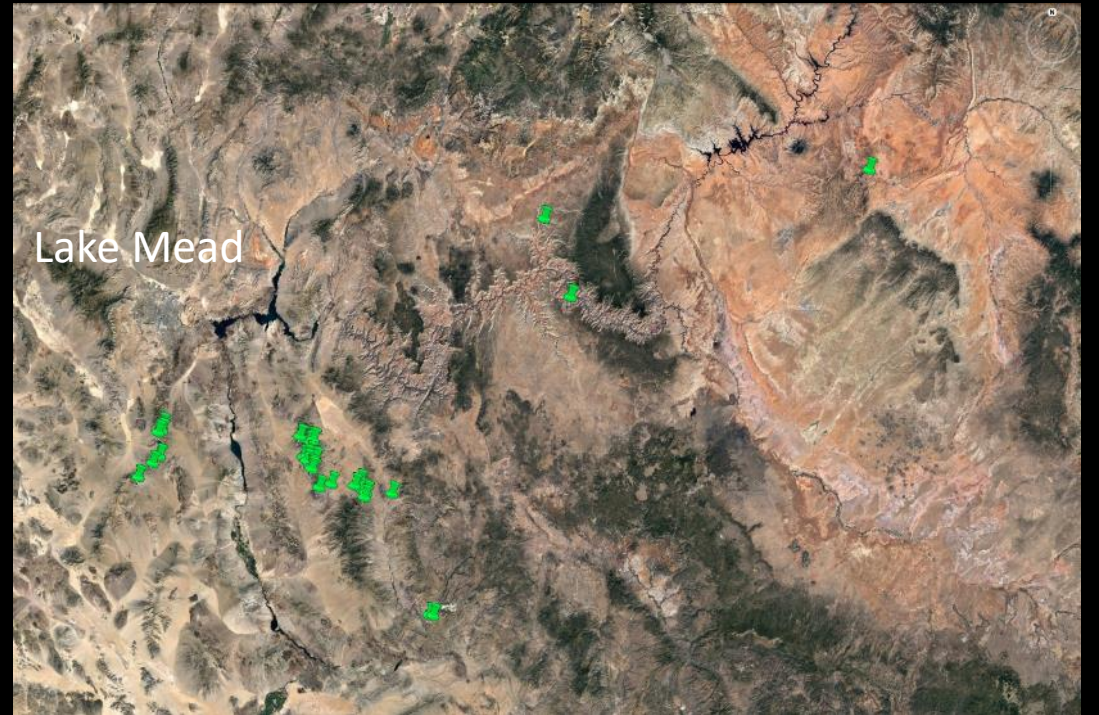
Species Complexes



Opuntia humifusa species complex
(Majure et al. 2012)

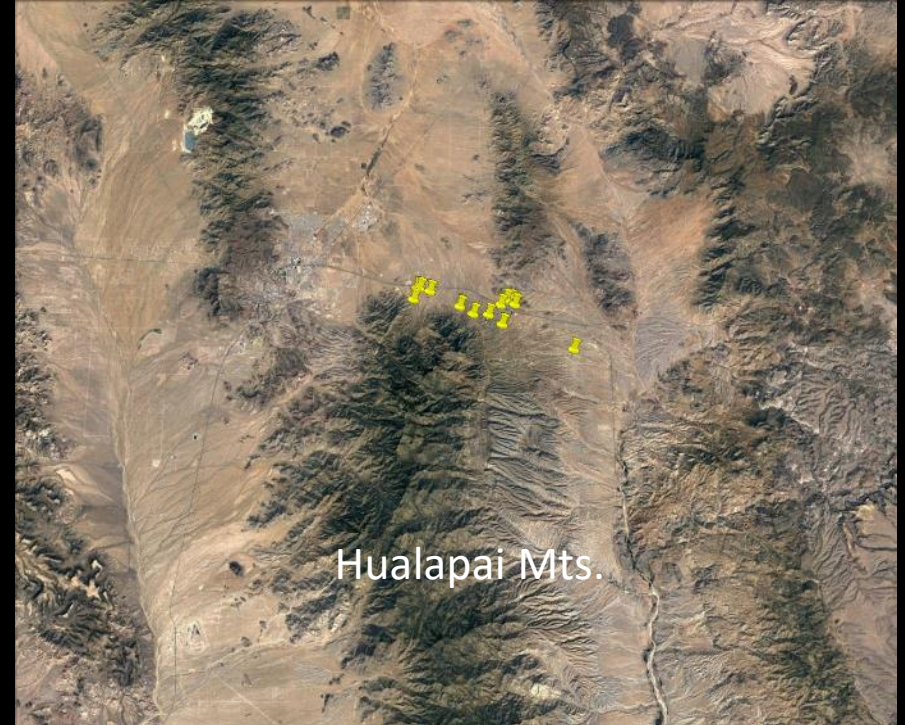


Opuntia curvispina ($2n=44$)



Distribution

Opuntia martiniana ($2n=44$)



Hualapai Mts.

Distribution

Opuntia curvispina vs. *O. martiniana*

Putative parents ??



x



Photo: S. Blackwell

=



Parfitt 1980

x



=



Opuntia curvispina vs. *O. martiniana*



O. curvispina = *O. martiniana*

(Pinkava 2003)



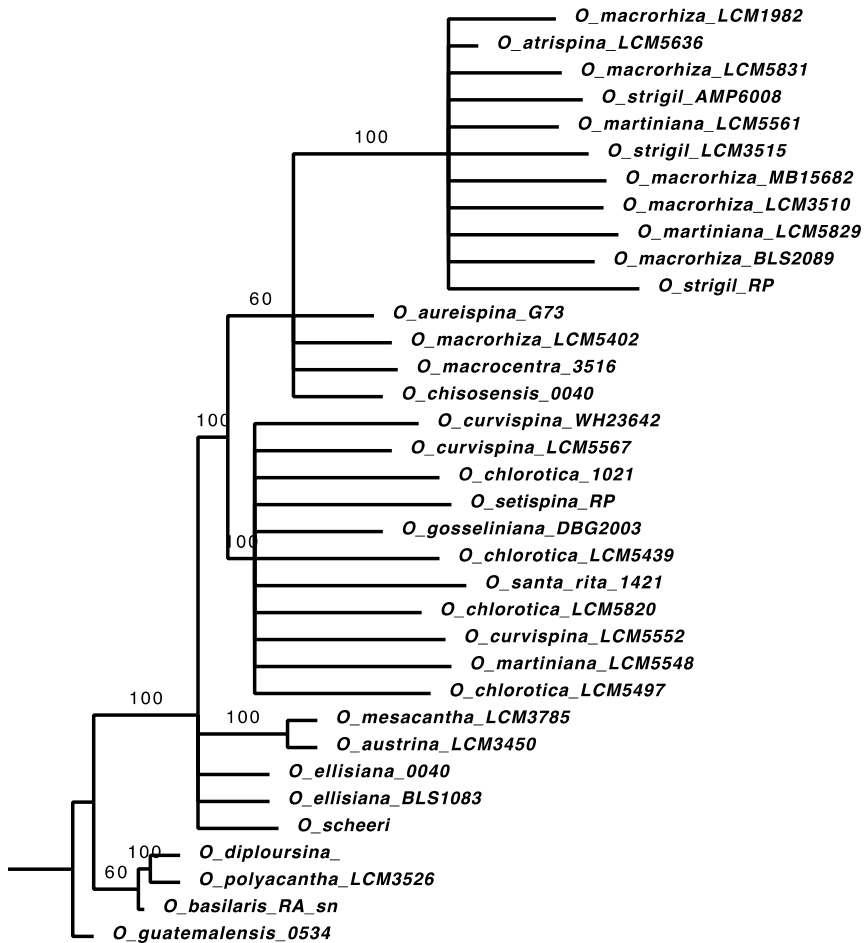
Methods

- Phylogeny
 - ITS vs. Plastid phylogeny (*atpB-rbcL*, *matK*, *ycf1*)
 - Included *O. curvispina*, *O. martiniana* from across ranges
- Niche Modeling
 - Georeferenced points from SEINet portal & fieldwork
 - *O. chlorotica*, *O. curvispina*, *O. engelmannii*, *O. macrorhiza*, *O. martiniana*, *O. phaeacantha*
 - Herbarium records vetted for accuracy (i.e., species id) – mostly ASU, DES herbaria
 - DEM cropped to focal area (Hualapai Mts.) (90 m resolution SRTM elevation model) (Jarvis et al. 2008)
 - Lat, long, elev. extracted from each cell and downscaled for annual and season climatic variables (Climate NA dataset-Wang et al. 2016)- for *O. martiniana*
 - Other taxa – defined 20km buffer around points, randomly sampled 10000 background points; background + reference pts overlaid on 90m SRTM to extract elevations, then downscaled for ClimateNA data
 - 27 Bioclimate layers (ClimateNA) in Maxent

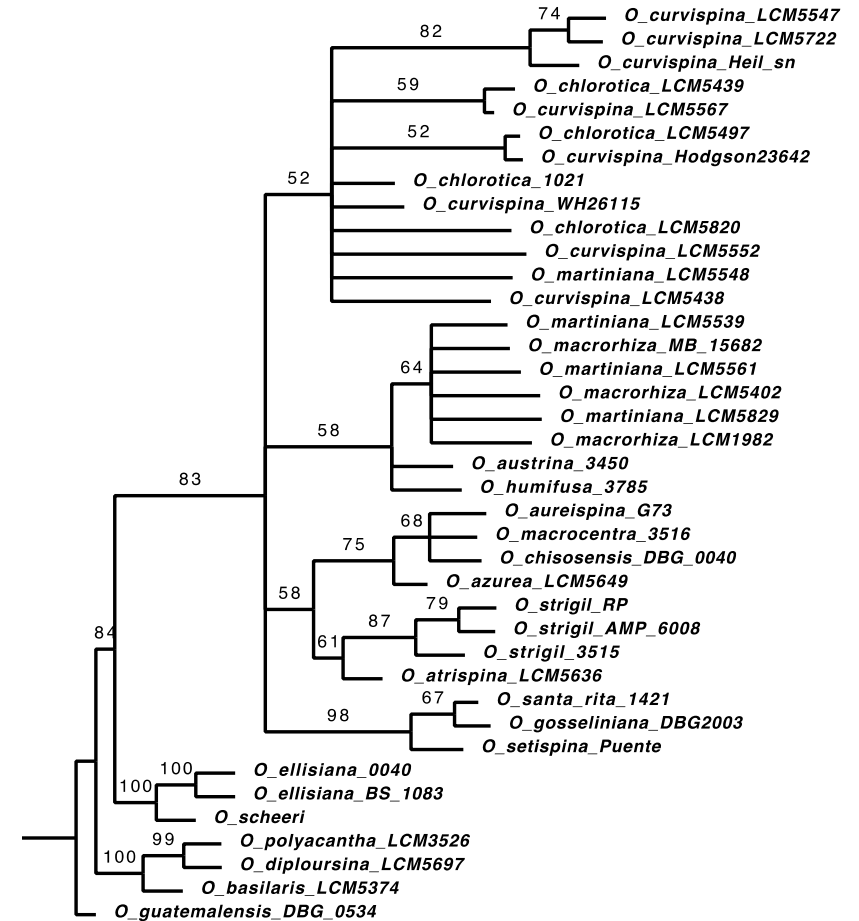
Phylogenetic relationships

- ITS vs. Plastid phylogeny

ITS



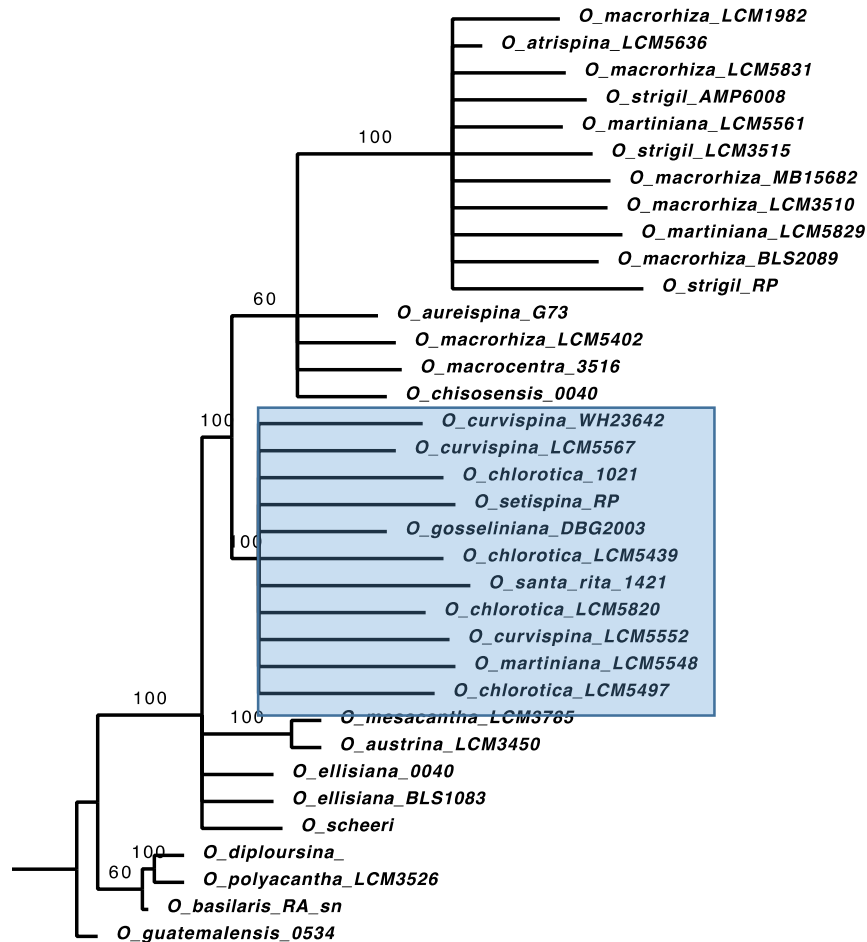
Plastid



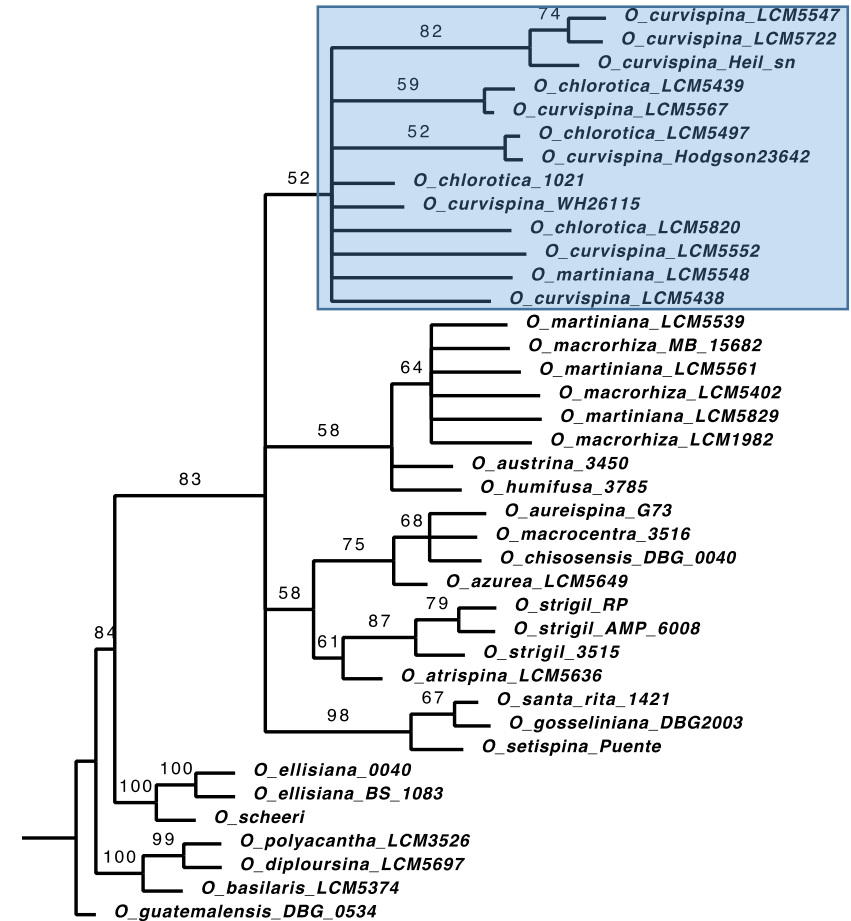
Phylogenetic relationships (*O. curvispina*)

- ITS vs. Plastid phylogeny

ITS



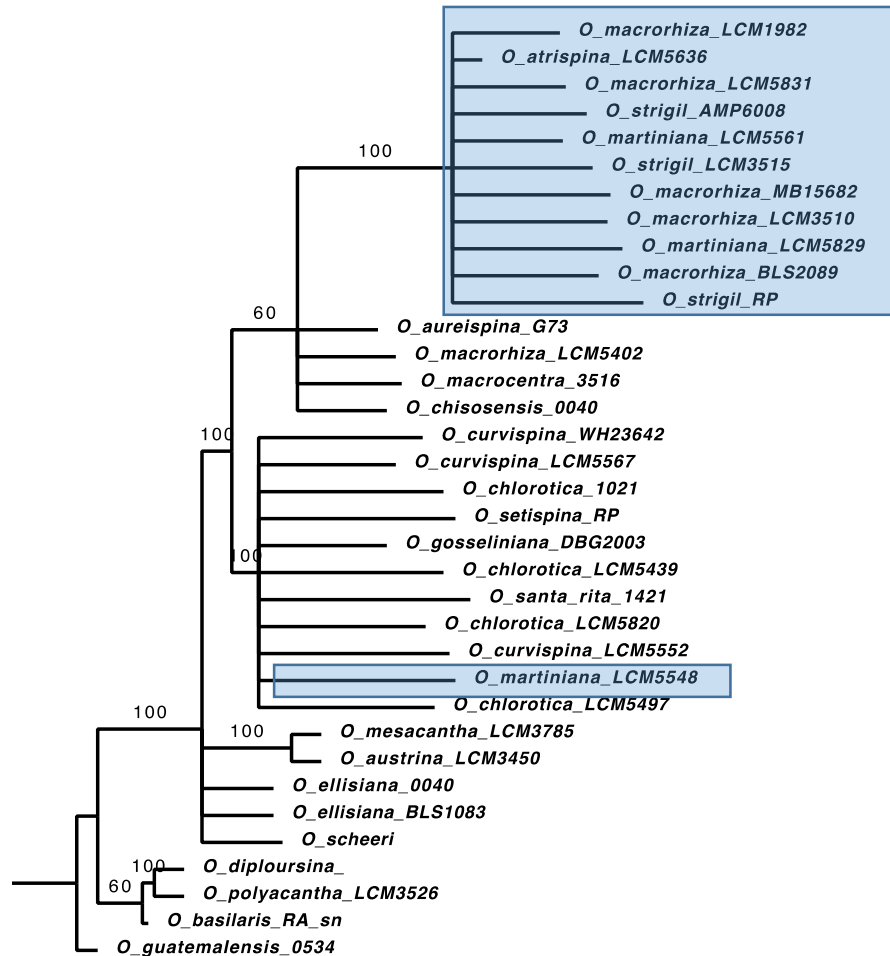
Plastid



Phylogenetic relationships (*O. martiniana*)

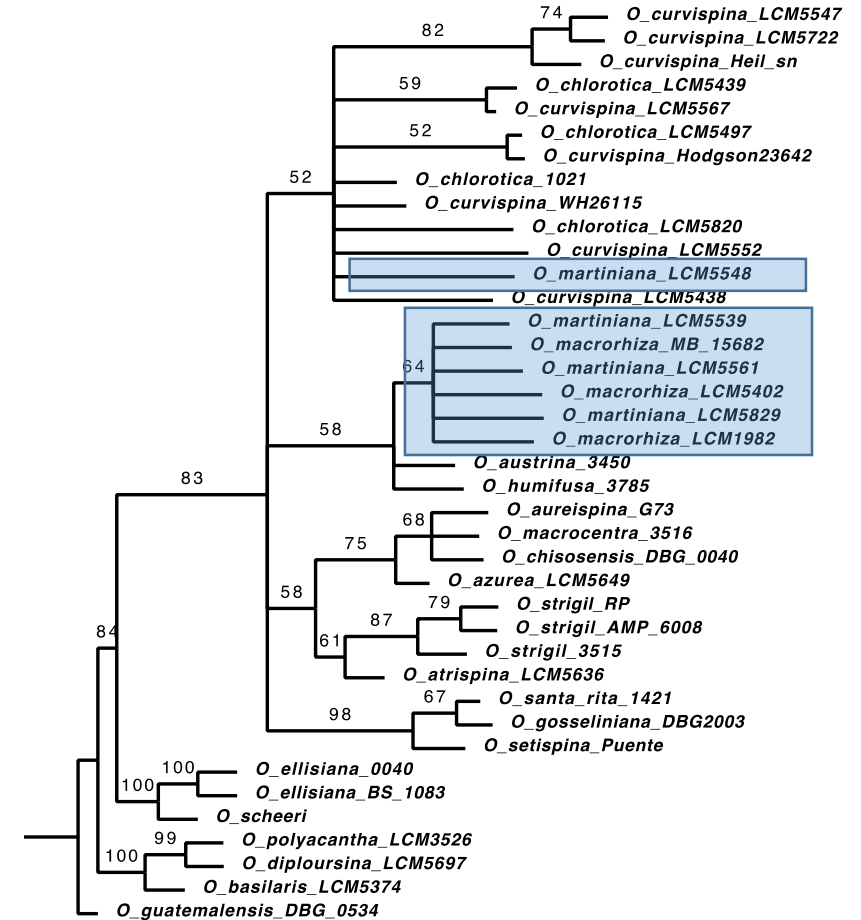
- ITS vs. Plastid phylogeny

ITS



2.0

Plastid

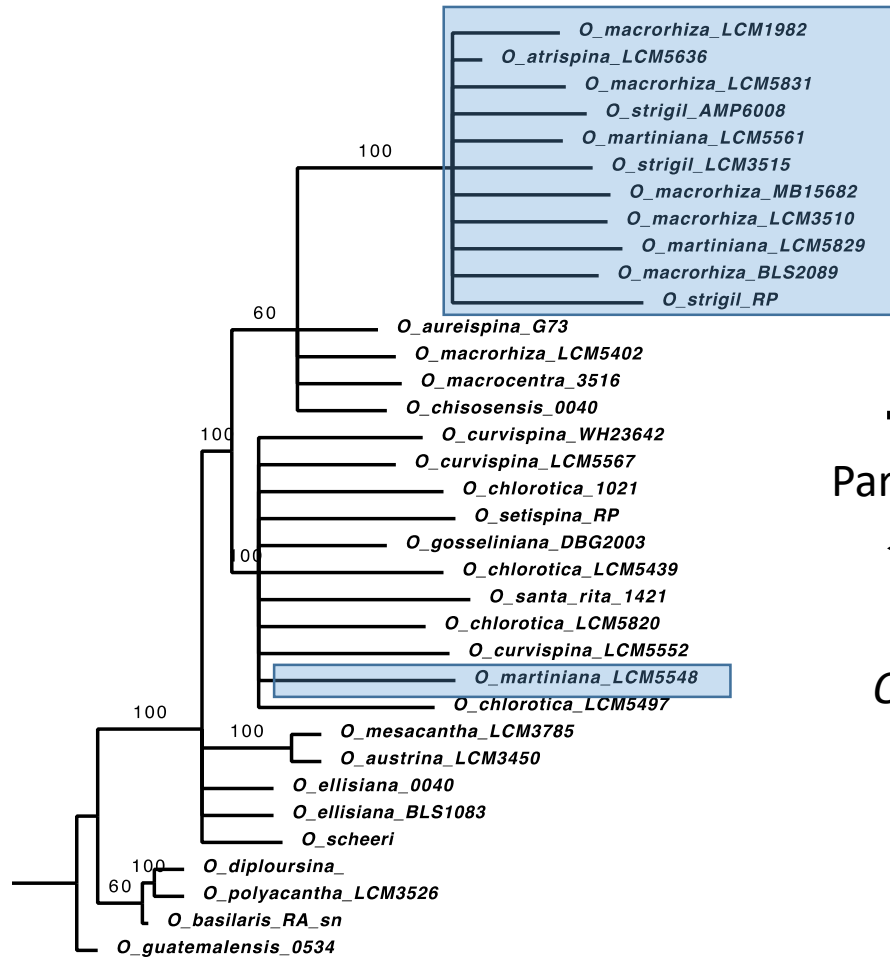


2.0

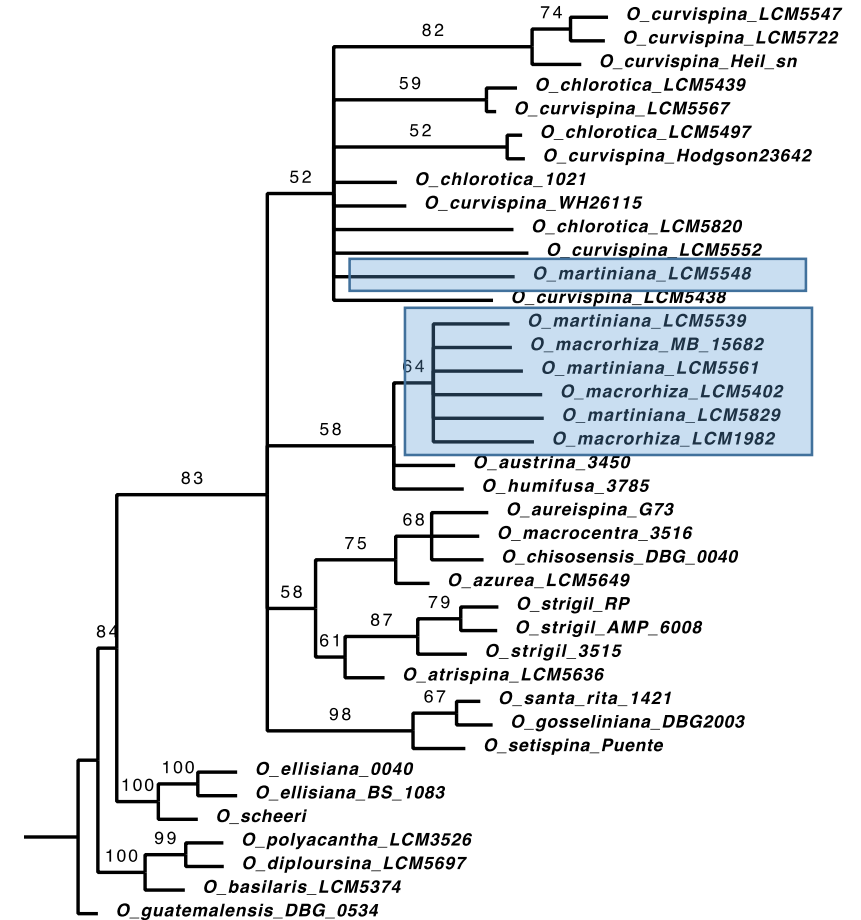
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ITS



Plastid

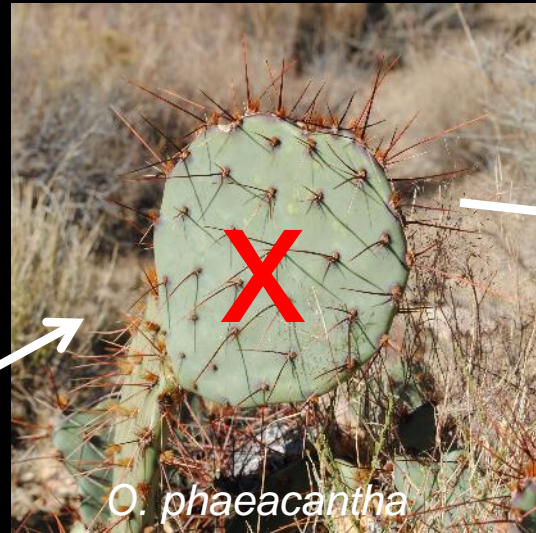


Parent A x parent B

II
O. martiniana

Opuntia curvispina vs. *O. martiniana*

Putative parents ??



=
Parfitt 1980

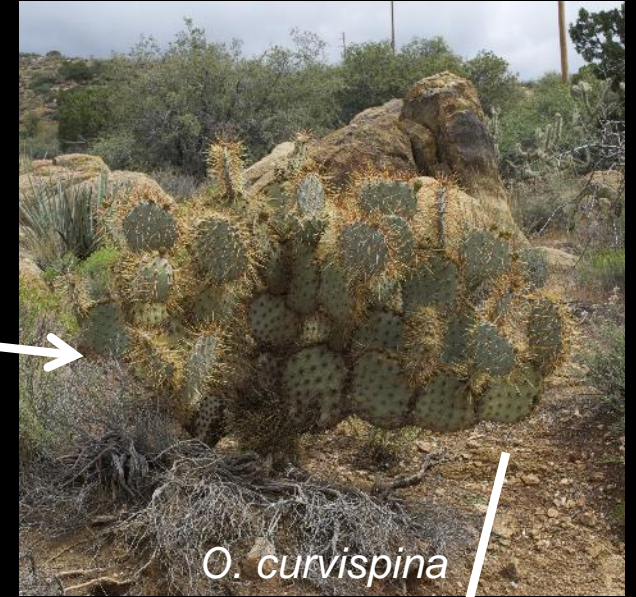


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Opuntia curvispina vs. *O. martiniana*

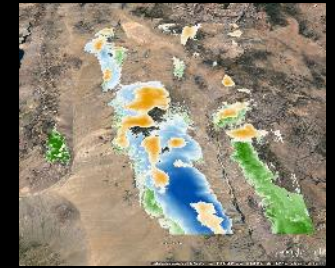
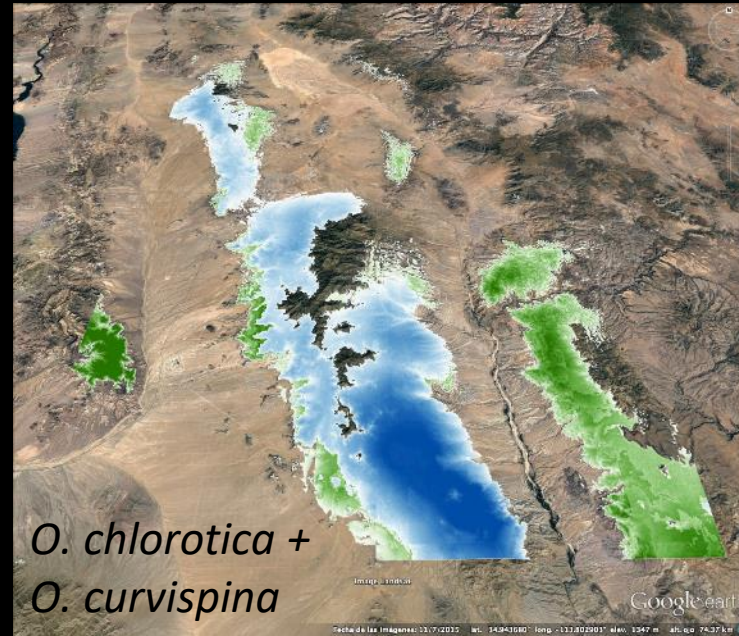
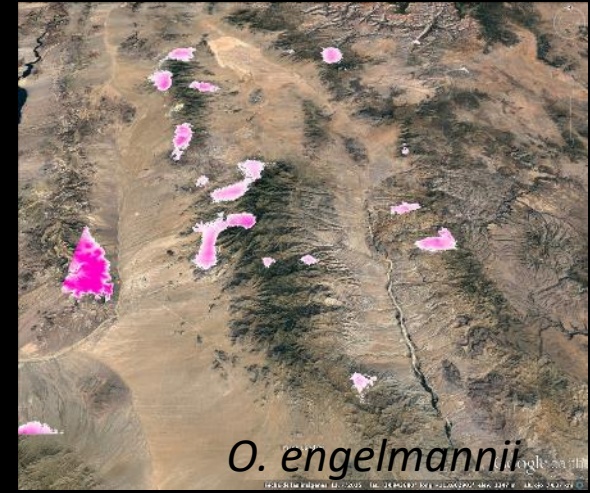
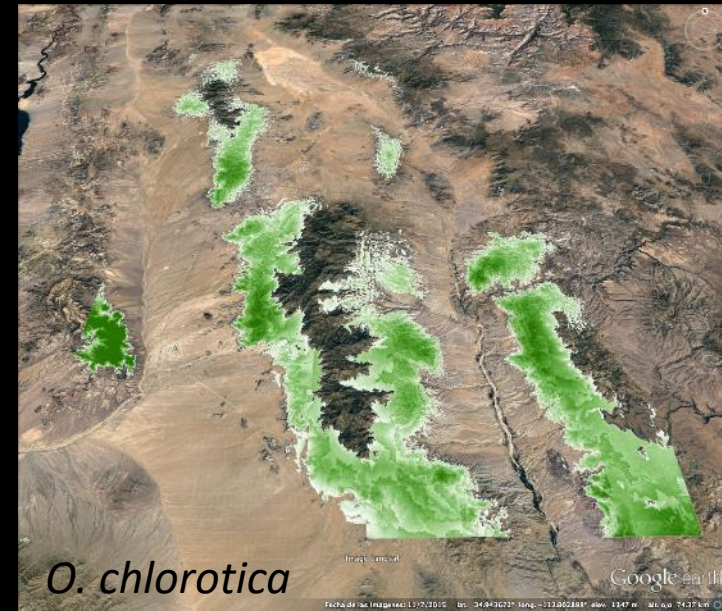
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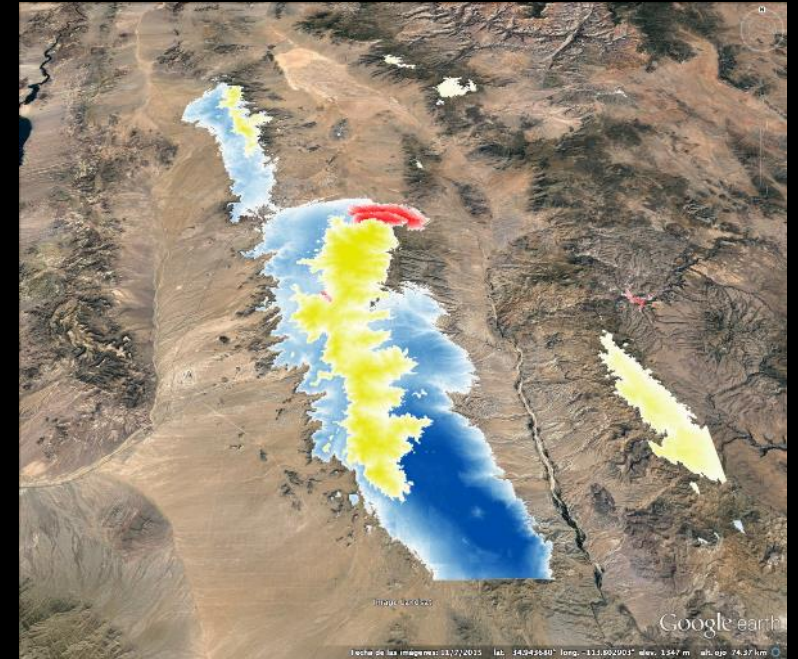
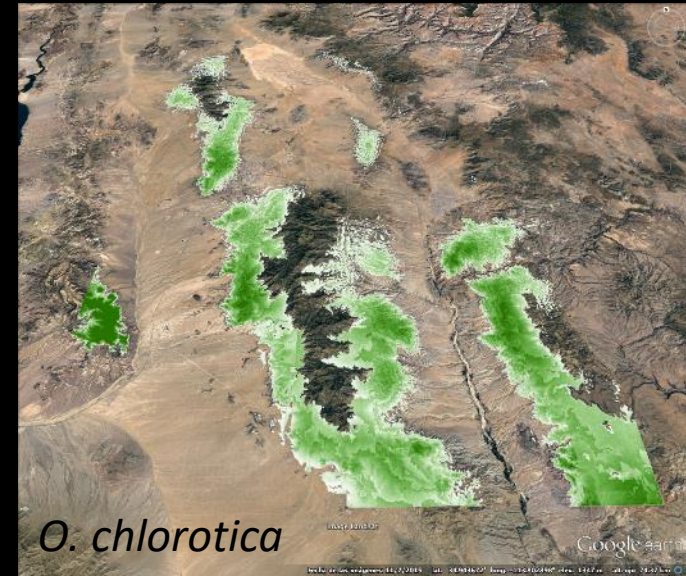
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Niche modeling



Niche modeling



Niche modeling



O. chlorotica

Extreme minimum temps., summer heat moisture index, RH



O. curvispina

° days $< 0^{\circ}\text{C}$, RH, Summer precip., Summer heat moisture index



O. macrorhiza

Winter precip., mean coldest month temp., ° days $< 18^{\circ}\text{C}$



O. martiniana

° days $> 18^{\circ}\text{C}$, summer precip

General habitat characters



O. chlorotica

Elev. 705-1649m

Granitic, volcanic soils

Mohave, Sonoran



O. curvispina

Elev. 846-1638m

Granitic, volcanic
or limestone soils

Mohave



O. macrorhiza

Elev. 1200 + m

Limestone, granitic soils

Everywhere



O. martiniana

Elev. 1162-1392m

Granitic soils

Mohave

Conclusions

- *Opuntia curvispina* and *O. martiniana* derived separately (= not synonymous!!)

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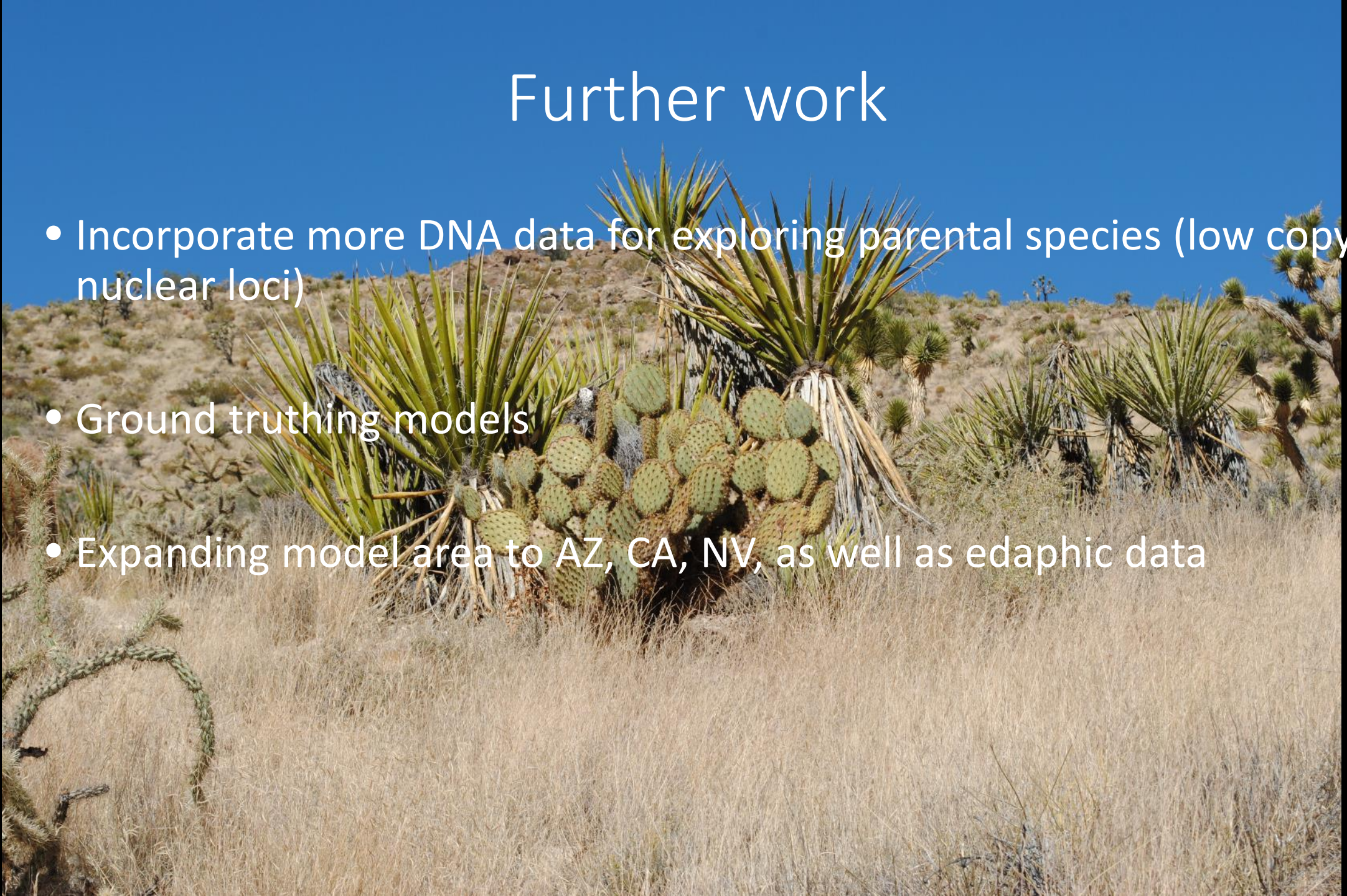
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Conclusions

- *Opuntia curvispina* and *O. martiniana* derived separately (= not synonymous!!)
- *O. curvispina* parental taxa *O. chlorotica* and ?? (putative autopolyploid?)
- *O. martiniana* parental taxa most likely *O. curvispina* and *O. macrorhiza* s.l.
- *O. martiniana* shows a distribution at the boundaries of both *O. curvispina* and *O. macrorhiza*

Further work

- Incorporate more DNA data for exploring parental species (low copy nuclear loci)
- Ground truthing models
- Expanding model area to AZ, CA, NV, as well as edaphic data



Desert Botanical Garden

Mojave National Preserve

BLM (AZ, CA, NV)

IDigBio

Joe McAuliffe

Acknowledgments



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